

NAME	SYMPTOM COUNTER VIBRATION	BOTTLES	CONTENTS	NOTES
AA MIX 1	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 1		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. These people usually have a low appetite yet are constantly toxic/acid. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 2	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 2		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 3	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 3		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 4	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 4		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 5	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 5		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. Used for Behcet's Syndrome. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.

AA MIX 6	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 6		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. By the contents of this formula we would expect these subjects to have the most dramatic symptoms. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 7	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 7		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 8	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 8		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. May apply to Rett's Syndrome with PKU. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
AA MIX 9	ANTIGEN-ANTIBODY MIX-UP 9		MVB	When an antigen (invading pathogen like a bacteria) enters the body, the blood serum carries a Compliment (meaning to make complete) of enzyme proteins that are supposed to capture the antigen and destroy it by making a specific antibody. When the Compliments are dysfunctional or mixed-up the body swells and inflames in an unsuccessful attempt to accomplish this immune response. It is a cross between digestive and immune troubles. Symptoms include skin eruptions/inflammation anywhere and especially around genitals. Mucous eruptions are a common denominator, especially in the mouth, eyes and genitals. Most people have hard-to-identify intestinal problems and arthritic-like afflictions. By the contents of the formula we would expect these people to also have acne and hormonal problems. Too much remedy too fast will cause a rash of built-up toxins exiting the skin, which is the largest eliminating organ of the body.
ACTMN	ACETAMINOPHEN	2-10	CM	APAP is the most widely used pharmaceutical analgesic (pain reliever) and antipyretic agent in the US & world. Used in over 100 products it is reported by the American Association of Poison Control Centers as one of the most common pharmaceuticals associated with poisoning and toxicity. Acetaminophen toxicity is the most common cause of hepatic failure in the UK and the 2nd largest in the US (more often the issue than viral hepatitis. It is in various children's dissolvable, chewable, suspension elixir for formulas and OTC cold and pain medications. It is a component of many pain prescriptions, including Tylenol #3 and Percocet. The chief medical antidote is N-Acetylcysteine.
ADEN A	ADENOVIRUS GROUP A		V	Virus known to be on the tissue of many parts of the body.
ADEN B	ADENOVIRUS GROUP B		V	Virus known for respiratory, pneumonia and urinary tract issues. Often holds together combinations.
ADEN C	ADENOVIRUS GROUP C		V	Virus known for liver and lymphatic issues. Often holds together combinations with liver.
ADEN D	ADENOVIRUS GROUP D		V	Virus often known for liver, gall bladder issues. Often holds together combinations with liver.
ADEN E	ADENOVIRUS GROUP E		V	Virus often known for liver, gall bladder, respiratory and head issues. Often holds together combinations.
ADEN F	ADENOVIRUS GROUP F		V	Virus known for intestinal issues. Often holds together combinations with liver.

ADEN G	ADENOVIRUS GROUP G		V	A class of adenovirus not yet recognized in science.
ADEN H	ADENOVIRUS GROUP H		V	Virus not known for any specific areas, other than the flesh of the body.
ADENO	ADENOVIRUS		V	This major family of viruses loves to lock into lymph and/or muscle tissue connected to glands.
ADN ADN	ADENO ADENOMA		MVB	Often the cause of intestinal polyps and usually found with a retrovirus. The frequent propensity to vomit is one of the most recognizable traits.
ADN CX A	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX A	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group A. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea.
ADN CX B	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX B	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group B. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea. It is not uncommon for other pathogens to accompany this combination and recovery is helped by taking those remedies concurrently with this complex.
ADN CX C	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX C	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group C. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea. It is not uncommon for other pathogens to accompany this combination and recovery is helped by taking those remedies concurrently with this complex.
ADN CX D	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX D	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group D. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea. It is not uncommon for other pathogens to accompany this combination and recovery is helped by taking those remedies concurrently with this complex.
ADN CX E	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX E	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group E. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea. It is not uncommon for other pathogens to accompany this combination and recovery is helped by taking those remedies concurrently with this complex.
ADN CX F	ADENO ADENOMA COMPLEX F	6	MV	One of the most common tissue/organ lumps combined with RV Cell and Adeno Virus Group F. This is commonly used as a complication in the Thin Wall Disease, but may be found in many locations in addition to the intestines. In the intestines there is usually a history of alternating from constipation to diarrhea. In the latter stages needing this combination, there is fairly consistent diarrhea. It is not uncommon for other pathogens to accompany this combination and recovery is helped by taking those remedies concurrently with this complex.
ADNCAR	ADENO CARCINOMA		MVB	Group of aberrant cells massing towards a tumor in a layer of the interior or exterior skin that can be anywhere in the body.
ANTRX	ANTHRAX		B	Current and old bacteria that stays in the ground for years and comes to humans via animals. Also used in germ warfare.
ARG LYS	ARGININOSUCCINIC ACID LYSASE			Developed to help the reversal of Urea Cycle Disorders of Arginosuccinase Acid Lyase.
ARGNIN	ARGININE			Developed to help the reversal of Urea Cycle Disorders of Arginosuccinic Acid Synthetase, Ornathine Transcarbamyase Deficiency,
ARGNSE	ARGINASE			Developed to help the reversal of Urea Cycle Disorders of Arginase
ASCRI5	ASCARIS		P	Common parasite of the round worm family. Includes the vibration of black walnut, picked in green stage.
ASP DIG	ASPARTAME DIGESTION		MVB	Although our bodies generally now have no way to digest aspartame, there seems hidden in the DNA a way we can revive to digest this artificial sweetener. It would be better to digest this material in 5,000 foods in 90 countries than to fight it as a perpetual clog of the liver and a catalyst for Phenylketonuria (PKU).

ASP HYD	ASPARTAME HYDROGENIZED		C	See also APTM. The hydrogenized form is more devastating to some people. Headaches and dizziness from artificial sweeteners and all sodas (even decades later) from this because it "fries" your brain slowly. See also NAT FLV.
ASPTM	ASPARTAME		C	Headaches and dizziness from artificial sweeteners and all sodas (even decades later) from this because it "fries" your brain slowly.
ASSIM	ASSIMILATE NOW		B	Antidotes a fungus that binds minerals that engender digestive enzymes. Acts quickly, gives energy gain and girth loss.
BCRB BL	BICARBONATE BLOCK		MVB	The pancreas is designed to convert carbohydrates and sugars into a "natural " bicarbonate which makes the body maintain a PH balance. This remedy seeks to restore the ability so that the body will not be acid which attracts infections. The acid created because of the lack of this natural bicarbonate creates a uric acid which is associated with body stiffness.
BD STNS	BILE DUCT STENOSIS	5-6	MVB	A miasmatic disease that hardens and shrinks bile ducts into a stenosis that does not allow enough bile out the gall bladder and liver. Digestion of fats is impaired, forming an aversion to eating meat. The liver often swells. It does not affect the "common bile duct".
BEL BUS	BELLY BUSTER		MVB	Sclerosing Cholangitis-Secondary Biliary Cirrhosis. Malformed bile that hardens liver, bile ducts and eats both. Poor digestion accompanies the condition.
BIL BOO	BILIARY BOOST		MVF	Aimed at Sarcoidosis of the liver. Inherited, chronic infection of the liver tissue that decreases all liver functions and attracts other liver diseases.
BIL CAL	BILE CALCIUM GLUE		MVB	The vaccination-weakened thymus makes a cholesterol/histamine compound with phenylalanine that pushes calcium from blood to organs. Corn Syrup in the food especially mixes with this liver blockage to cause weight.
BIL SN 1	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 1	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is 3B-Hydroxy-Delta5-c27-steroid oxidoreductase, fondly nicknamed HAD3B7. In 2016 this is considered the most common bile enzyme disease. Bile acids are the most needed of the digestive juices. The mismaking of the bile in this disease causes swelling of the liver, collection of ascites in the abdomen, malabsorption, fat-soluble vitamin deficiency and large girth. Subjects often develop an apple shaped body. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL SN 2	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 2	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is Delta 4-3-oxisteroid 5B-reductase, affectionately called AKR1C4. It is associated with low thyroids and box-shaped bodies. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL SN 3	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 3	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is Sterol 27 Hydroxylase, best remembered as CYP27A1. The mismaking of the bile seems to cause a pill-rolling disturbance of the hands or a shaking of the hand (Parkinson-like). there are often memory and thinking disruptions. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL SN 4	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 4	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is Cholesterol 7A-Hydroxylase, known by its friends as CYP7A1. Although not well defined, it is referred to as the "classic" or "neutral" pathway. It seems to affect thyroids and develops pear-shaped bodies. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL SN 5	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 5	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is Oxysterol Cytosol-Perxisome 7A-Hydroxylase, known by its buddies as CYP8B1. It is a member of the P450 family of metabolic enzymes and little is known about its effect. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.

BIL SN 6	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 6	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is 2-methylacyl-CoA Racemase. Scientists love calling it AMACR. Although identified as a mismaker of bile, little is identified as to its symptoms. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL SN 7	BILE SYNTHESIS DISEASE 7	6	MVB	A miasmatic disorder of a liver enzyme needed to make/synthesize bile from cholesterol. The scientific name of the enzyme is Cholesterol 8A Hydroxylase, whispered as CYP8A1. This creates an exceptionally ballooned bottom on its subjects. Each of these diseases seems magnified by pesticide known as GMO Bacillus Thuringiensis. The same substance is known before GMO in nature and may be behind the inherited factor of these diseases.
BIL T1R	BILE TRANSPORTER 1 REGENERATION GROUP	5-6	MVB	Bile Salt Transporter ABC B exports bile out of the liver so bile won't become toxic to the liver. Excess bile in the liver causes release of PDE5, the erection killer. Increases testosterone.
BIL T2R	BILE TRANSPORTER 2 REGENERATION GROUP	5-6	MVB	Bile Salt Transporter ABC D (extrapolated name 5-16) exports bile out of the liver so bile won't become toxic to the liver. Excess bile in the liver causes release of PDE5, the erection killer. Allows erectile function.
BIL UFS	BILE UNFERMENTED SOY		MVB	Unfermented soy binds bile into alveolar cells which expand into other cells. In the liver the expansion shuts down the portal vein causing a swollen liver and ascites.
BIL WST	BILE WASTE DISEASE		MVB	A gallbladder inherited disease that misconverts lipids by misconverting bile. The gallbladder is designed to convert bile into a lipid and a carbohydrate converter so that lipids and carbohydrates could help build muscles. The misconverted bile creates a waste that clings to muscles, sometimes in what is called lipomas, sometimes in double chins, sometimes in stiffening muscles (usually all of the preceding). Instead of making muscle it wastes muscle causing muscle deterioration. The disease causes the liver to overproduce bile which causes liver swelling and ascites. The bile waste collects in skin causing dryness (and itching for some) (and corn-like extrusion/plaques for others). The normal gallbladder production of vitamin D is decreased with this disease, adding to skin dryness. General nerve function is decreased because of bile waste collection around the juncture with muscles. Symptoms include double chin, stiff and weak muscles, dry skin, lipomas, frequent urination with traces of incontinence and urgency, dry uterus and swollen prostate.
BLR PTL	BILURIA PATULIN	3-6	MVB	A miasmatic disease based on the mycotoxin, Patulin. The disease blocks the process of synthesizing protoporphyrin into bile and heme. It causes altered bile to enter the ependyma where it destroys nerves. The altered bile inflames the fat tissue instead of digesting fat. The altered bile makes muscle cramps. Patulin is recognized as a carcinogen grain mycotoxin from aspergillus and penicillium and is known to cause chromosomal aberrations. In combination with other fungi, it can mimic Hepatitis C. It is often seen with Byssochlamys and is most associated with apples.
BOFG BF	BLOOD ORGAN FUNGUS with BREATH FREE		F	General fungus killer for intestines and lungs used in Europe successfully since 1996.
BRC NLV	BRUCELLA NECROSIS		MVB	Non-neoplastic Liver cancer.
BRUS	BRUSILLOSIX		B	Brucellosis (Undulant Fever) from bad milk. Often like a residue it hangs in the body, especially around bone and intestinal issues.
BTR CNR	BOTRYTIS CINERA	3-7	F	A mold most known to grow on grape, but also grows on other fruit. It is used to produce sweet wines. It is used in wine to make fermentation "more complex". It appears in fruits and wines especially frequently after a "wet" year, such as the wet summer of 2011 in Europe. The liver malfunctions and nosebleeds are common.
BUG SPR	BUG SPRAY		C	Off the shelf sprays used for bugs that may affect your brain, lungs, skin, liver, gall bladder, intestines, kidneys, sinus, etc.
C&M SEN	CHEMICAL & MOLD SENSITIVITY		MVB	It was surprising to find the answer to chemical and mold sensitivity in the brain. Because this brain infection is connected to nerves start slowly and work up to normal dosage and beyond. Some people needed to start with one drop 1x per day.
CAN SI	CANDIDA SMALL INTESTINES		F	Candida in the Small Intestines (Sporotrichosis). "Skinny person's candida". No diet needed. The remedy is too narrowly named. This fungus is often also found in the brain.
CASEIN	CASEIN INTOLERANCE		MVB	A phosphoprotein, the principal protein of milk, the basis is curd and of cheese. See also Lactose Intolerance and Lactose Sensitive.

CCK DEF	CHOLECYSTOKIN DEFICIENCY	5-6	MVB	Cholecystokinin is a hormone secreted in the small intestines. It stimulates the pancreas to release digestive enzymes and the gall bladder to release bile. The released bile helps digest food, reduce stomach acids and dissolve cholesterol. The chief symptoms are tiredness after eating and gall bladder problems.
CEM ALG	CHEMICAL ALLERGIES		VBFB	A group of pathogens in the liver that seems to hold instead of process chemicals. The chemicals can range from chemo to industrial derivatives of chemical processes.
CEM CMP	CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS		C	Wide-spread applicability to chemicals on skin and in intestines.
CEM OUT	CHEMOUT		C	A general formula for dissolving chemicals in the liver which is the most common location of chemical collection.
CEM SEN	CHEMICAL SENSITIVITY		RBF	A combination of infections encapsulated in the brain cells and causing other body cells controlled by the brain to inadequately open and close. The result is a "multi chemical sensitivity". The sensitivities can include food, drink, smell, radiation, sound, light, the vibrations of certain people and even unidentified sources. There are usually emotional and mental difficulties getting along with other people, causing frequent relationship upsets. It usually takes 6 bottles or more to feel the effects of this remedy.
CHL SYN	CHOLESTEROL SYNTHESIS DISEASE	5-6	MVB	Cholesterol is needed for Bile development, metabolic/digestive functions and hormone production. Although the greater problem of mal-digestion and large girth are the obvious manifestations, there are a variety of accompanying abnormalities as clues to the disease. A subject rarely has all the symptoms, but if 3 or more are present, there is confirmation. Symptoms include micrognathia (undersized jaw/crowded teeth), small nose with averted nares (uplifted nose with nostrils more prominent), eyes close together or remarkably apart, hypogenitalism (mostly males), cryptorchidism (undescended testicles), 2,3 toe syndactyly (webbed), postaxial polydactyl (6th appendage growing on outside of hand or foot), growth or mental retardation, cleft palate, and cholestatic liver disease.
CITRLN	CITRULLINE			Developed to help the reversal of Urea Cycle Disorders of Arginosuccinic Acid Synthetase, Ornathine Transcarbamylase Deficiency,
CLS DIF	CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE		B	Common strong-binding nerve bacteria in intestines and liver, often spreading to spine. Can be found in brain, etc. See also CLS PER.
CLS PER	CLOSTRIDIUM		B	Strong-binding nerve bacteria that loves liver, intestines, heart and places in between. See also CLS DIF.
CMPBAC	CAMPYLOBACTER		B	Family that includes HEL ATR. With CAN SI, causes "panic" attacks. Found in large & small intestines.
CPX CRB	COMPLEX CARBOHYDRATE INTOLERANCE		MVB	This is an inherited intestinal/liver disease that resembles carbohydrate intolerances such as Sprue, Wheat Intolerance, Phytate Intolerance, Sucrose Intolerance, Gliadin Intolerance. The "complex" part of the title refers to the sugar structure of many plants that form carbohydrates more complicated than grains. The symptoms resemble the above issues, but defy the above solutions.
CRB BLK	CARBOHYDRATE BLOCK		MVB	Similar to AlhA, Antitrypsin (ATT) Deficiency. The liver side of carbohydrate digestion. See SUG BUG.
CRIT GO	CRITTER BE GONE		P	This is the first formula we have found to eradicate all parasites from amoeba to flukes to round worms to tape worms. It is not a miasmatic remedy which means that you could later pick up parasites another time in the same way you could pick up an infection from a virus.
CRN SRP	CORN SYRUP		T	Allergy that toxifies the hypothalamus and causes weight.
CRONS	CROHN'S		MVFB	Improved formula of Crohn's based on liver inadequacy. Use with SYF/CLM & SML POX. Attracts CRP SPO, HEL ATR, CAN SI, CMP BAC.
CRP SPO	CRYPTOSPORIDIUM		P	Involved with Helicopter Pylori in ulcers, common in arthritis and general intestinal problems.
DCT JCT	DUCT JUNCTURE DISEASE		MVP	A disease specific to the juncture of ducts throughout the body. The most well known is the inflammation of the bile duct, liver duct and pancreas duct to the common bile duct. When the common bile duct inflames due to this disease, the liver, gall bladder and pancreas back up causing secondary diabetes or secondary cirrhosis of the liver. This is known to apply to ducts in the kidneys, ovaries, testicles and breasts.
DCT T&T	DUCTAL TWIST AND TUCK		MVB	First noticed with people whose food catches at the top of their (sore) throat. The condition could be in tubes from the parotid to the Thyroid or in biliary ducts or breast ducts. The condition is like intestinal intussusception (Intestinal Tuck & Twist) where the ducts twist, break off and telescope into the part of the duct one section broke from. The condition sometimes cures itself with scar tissue which backs up the flow in the duct.

DDD	DUCT DETERIORATION DISEASE		MVB	A miasmatic deterioration of all ducts in the body from digestive to lymph ducts to arteries and veins. The deterioration is related to the thyroid; can start near age 30; and is associated with many aging symptoms. See DCT CAR, INV NIP for diseases of the ducts.
DEP DIG	DEEP DIGESTION	6	MVB	A group of tuberculosis-bound substances that thwart digestion of substances processed in the liver including saccharides (sugars), phenylalanine, lipids and calcium.
DIG CEL	DIGESTION CELL DISEASE		MVB	A disease of cells that break down incoming amino acids so that vascular cells can reform them into body-building amino acids. The disease is experienced mainly in the liver and intestines.
DIOX	DIOXIN		C	Lawn spray that upsets intestines and skin. A major component of Agent Orange. Sometimes found with whipworm.
DOG LTW	DOG LIVER TAPE WORM		P	Can live in the liver for many decades without major difficulties except liver and sinus.
DRA SNS	DURA SENSES DISEASE		MVB	An inherited disease affecting facial nerves, sinuses, hearing, speech and motor senses. The dura is the nerve lining between the skull and brain that collects, over generations, a variety of nerve miasms and infections that diminish brain cortex nerve functions. It may strike some early in life, but usually sets in after 50 with tinnitus, hearing loss and a variety of motor skill reduction. Miasms included in the remedy are Brucellinum, Diphtherinum, Glanders, Penicillinum, Polioinum and Tuberculinum. Infections that are often found with this remedy are Polio 4, Polio 6, Pseudomonas Pyocyanea, Penicillinosis, Rabies and Saxitoxin
DUO CAR	DUODENAL CARCINOMA COMPLEX	6	MVB	An altered enzyme causes irritation to the duodenal wall which turns to carcinoma and peptic ulcer. The chief symptoms are a burning between navel and breast bone which is worse when your stomach is empty (usually at night). It is relieved by eating something that absorbs the acid feeling . . . only to return later. Advanced cases cause nausea, vomiting of blood or passing of dark blood. Unexplained weight loss may accompany the symptoms. The same symptoms can appear for stomach issues.
EIK COR	EIKENELLA CORRODENS	2-5	B	A bacteria most known in science for presence in gingival and brain issues. It's presence in the intestines is almost always an indicator of appendix problems.
ELC CPX	ELECTROLYTE COMPLEX		MVB	A group of diseases that stop the making of electrolytes. Electrolytes are often considered a major key in all metabolism.
ENT BAC	ENTERO BACTERIACEAE		B	Bacteria family well-known to eat at the intestines. Often mistaken for cancer when in gall bladder and liver.
ENT NEC	ENTERITIS NECROTICANS		B	Also called Pigbel Disease, Necrotizing Enteritis, Necrotizing Jejunitis (India) and Darmbrand (German). It is a world-wide infection stemming from eating infected meat, usually pork. Protein maldigestion and malabsorption are the chief symptoms. it strikes children and causes gangrene in the small intestines. It is not as reported in adults, although it may be more wide-spread than reported. It is especially possible in abdominal swelling, indigestion and weight gain. We have found it in the brain on the hypothalamus in obesity issues. It is related to Clostridium Perfringens.
ENTRC	ENTERIC FEVER		B	Common lingering infection of the liver, upsetting digestion and all other liver functions.
ENZ GEN	ENZYME GENERATE		VB	Fanconi's Syndrome-Inherited in Parathyroid. Helps unblock many organs by correcting calcium balance.
ERGOT	ERGOT		F	Liver mold that precedes inability to detox chemicals and alcohol and is often a component of liver cirrhosis. Mental problems plus allergies.
ERLIC	EHRlichiosis		PB	Lyme or Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever form without a rash. Carried by brown dog tick. Tick, not dog is brown.
EXC DCT	EXOCRINE DUCT COMPLEX	6	MVB	Exocrine glands secrete material through specific types of ducts whereas Endocrine glands do not. Exocrine glands number over 40 and secrete material like proteins, enzymes, mucous, saliva, sweat, and cells. When the ducts deteriorate, they block the secretions causing a wide-range of back-ups.
FD BONK	FOOD BONKERS		MVB	An enzyme deficiency involving Phenylalanine makes people sensitive to many foods, especially if they eat the same foods twice in a week. Similar to PKU (which also involves Phenylalanine) there is often trouble in concentration, anxiety, depression-like feelings and brain reactions to a variety of foods. The name is designed for the young who suffer the most from it.
FD EDEN	FOOD EDEN	5-6	MVB	A DNA disease assembled in the bones that causes a nerve contraction reaction to most foods that invoke a histamine response. Therefore, this is behind most food intolerances. It causes a femur contraction towards the hip bone and results in a pelvic malalignment. A blow to the bones can also trigger the condition.

FRC INT	FRUCTOSE INTOLERANCE		MVB	Usually there is anywhere from a dislike of fruit to mild avoidance. However, fructose or sucrose in foods (there's more than you think) can cause varying degrees of hypoglycemia, tremors, confusion or coma. The condition causes renal tube acidosis with urinary loss of phosphate and glucose, cirrhosis and mental deterioration.
FRM	FORMALDEHYDE		C	Formaldehyde suffocates the system by itself and binds many chemicals and metals, especially aluminum.
FRM CHL	FORMALDEHYDE CHLORIDE		C	Two of the most readily binding chemicals in our environment. They will harden veins and arteries, clog thyroids, livers, gall bladders, lymph and brains. plus plus plus.
FSC LMN	FASCIA STRENGTH - LAMIN		MVB	In order to strengthen connecting material of connective tissue amyloid must be converted to starch (sugar) and starch must be converted to sugars that feed lamin. Amylin, a pancreatic hormone, is needed to convert amyloid. When lamin is debilitated skin looks like crepe paper, muscles sag, bones weaken and vision weakens.
FSH TOX	FISH TOXINS		T	Especially shell fish that make people swell up with heat or when eating some form of shell fish.
FSH WRM	FISH TAPEWORM		P	Common parasite (diphyllobothrium latum) found in fish across the world.
FT LIVR	FATTY LIVER COMBINATION		MVB	A combination of blood, follicle and glandular disease that combine to make a fatty liver. The condition causes the liver to swell and causes digestion to decrease. Often blood stores in the liver and causes ascites.
GAS CPX	GASTRIN COMPLEX		MVB	The combination of Gastrin Galore, Gastrinoma and RV Cell. Designed for the Gastrin Deficiency Disease that has advanced to form a lump that may become a tumor.
GAS GAL	GASTRIN GALORE		MVB	Gastrin is a polypeptide hormone instrumental in the digestive action of the liver, pancreas, stomach and intestines. It is known to help close the juncture of the esophagus and stomach, preventing regurgitation and burping. Without it there is trouble closing the juncture of the esophagus and nasopharynx area. In other words, its absence may cause snoring. More important, gastrin's absence causes the mucous area of the intestines to dry up and thereby destroying parts of the colon. The condition is virtually unnamed by medicine and is one of the most devastating diseases of the intestines that often causes parts of the intestines to be surgically removed. For lack of a name, we call it the Gastrin Deficiency Disease.
GASOMA	GASTRINOMA		MVB	Take w/ RV Lipid. For a digestive disorder of the pancreas similar to Zollinger-Ellison Syndrome. Like a spider web center, this causes multiple endocrine adenomas (see also M.E.N. series) in the adrenals, parathyroid, thyroid, pancreas and pituitary. The result is weight that makes a barrel body. Probably most often found with GAS GAL.
GB & DIG	GALL BLADDER AND DIGESTION		MVB	The Gall Bladder needs to convert bile in a way that helps the thyroid convert it to the essential thyroid hormones, T3 & T4. These hormones help digestion, mood and a variety of other functions.
GB FLUK	GALL BLADDER FLUKES		P	Dicrocoelium Dendriticum- thought to be primarily passed via snail trails on vegetables. Also found in occipital lobe and cerebellum.
GB PLP	GALL BLADDER POLYPS		MVB	These polyps differ from intestinal polyps and are the outgrowth of an unnamed miasmatic disease we call Hepatitis Carcinoma (not to be confused with Hepatocellular Carcinoma). The chief symptoms are abdominal bloating because of decreased bile flow from the gall bladder.
GB SALM	GALL BLADDER SALMONELLA		VB	Chicken/egg based salmonella bound by same type of virus as found in diverticulitis. Either love or hate eggs.
GB SWEL	GALL BLADDER SWELL		VBF	Common combination of pathogens led by paramyxovirus that makes the gall bladder inflamed and problematic.
GB VIR	GALL BLADDER VIRUS		V	Papilloma and chlamydia love to congregate in the gall bladder with other viruses and thwart evacuation of stones. See also TYFD M.
GBI	GALL BLADDER		B	Unknown bacteria often blocking gall bladders.
GFD BCT	GROWTH FACTOR DEFICIENCY DISEASE BACTEROIDES	5-6	MVB	The lack of this unidentified growth factor causes a lack of this "gut flora". Bacteroides make up the most substantial portion of mammalian gastrointestinal flora. They are especially valuable for those who eat plenty of protein and animal fats. conversely the lack of these gut flora may lead many to vegetarian diets, because the absence of the flora makes protein digestion difficult. The lack of the microbes causes inflammation and weight gain. Triggered by genetically altered potatoes.
GFD BFB	GROWTH FACTOR DEFICIENCY DISEASE BIFOBACTERIUM	5-6	MVB	The lack of this unidentified growth factor causes a lack of this "gut flora". It simultaneously decreases melatonin and germ cells. Research suggests this form of flora are especially valuable in fermenting oligosaccharides, like milk and fruit. The lack of the microbes causes inflammation and weight gain. Triggered by genetically altered potatoes.

GFD LCT	GROWTH FACTOR DEFICIENCY DISEASE LACTOBACILUS	5-6	MVB	The lack of this unidentified growth factor causes a lack of this "gut flora". The flora excels in digesting lactose and other sugars into lactic acid. Commercially lactobacillus species are used to produce yogurt, cheese, sauerkraut, pickles, beer, wine, cider, kimchi, cocoa and other fermented foods. The lack of the microbes causes inflammation and extraordinary indigestion.
GFD RMN	GROWTH FACTOR DEFICIENCY DISEASE RUMINOCOCCUS	5-6	MVB	Although the name suggests this is a bovine or other animal subject, the flora species helps humans. This species is especially known for glucose metabolism.
GFD SCH	GROWTH FACTOR DEFICIENCY DISEASE SACCHAROMYCES	5-6	MVB	The lack of this unidentified growth factor causes a lack of this "gut flora" for the broad category of most sugars. The lack of the microbes causes weight LOSS. To be very clear, people who have trouble gaining weight may find value in this remedy.
GFR PRV	GROWTH FACTOR REVERSAL DISEASE PREVOTELLA	5-6	MVB	The flora proves valuable for digesting carbohydrates and sugars. In this "reversal disease" carbs and sugar become difficult to digest and almost poisonous.
GFS ASP	GROWTH FACTOR SURPLUS DISEASE ASPERGILLIS	5-6	MVB	Alkaline diets seem to make this "gut flora" grow. Its presence makes many supplements like probiotics and juices sickening. It has a digestion worsening effect with Contrail Thyroid. It is the primary helper for Mucopolysaccharidoses remedies.
GFS LCT	GROWTH FACTOR SURPLUS DISEASE	5-6	MVB	The SURPLUS of this unidentified growth factor causes a surplus of this "gut flora". Surpluses are identified with tooth decay and some vaginal growths. The excess of the microbes causes inflammation and weight gain.
GFS SCH	GROWTH FACTOR SURPLUS DISEASE SACCHAROMYCES	5-6	MVB	The SURPLUS of this unidentified growth factor causes an excess of this "gut flora" for the broad category of most sugars. The excess of the microbes causes weight gain and many other sugar issues. In first testing we found this as a possible antidote to some forms of wheat intolerance (other than the ones specifically already identified). It also tests to have a strong effect on excess sugar, often diagnosed as adult onset diabetes.
GIARD	GIARDIA		P	Water-bourne parasite loving gall bladder area. Burping and mal digestion symptoms
GLC SD	GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE	5-6	MVB	Glycogenin is a glycosyltransferase that converts glucose to glycogen in the liver. Approximately 85% of the population has one of the 14 glycogen storage diseases. All are centered around glycogenin. The Strep Miasm based disease replaces all known genetic Glycogen Storage Disease remedies (except the incorrectly named Glycogen Storage Disease O, which is caused by intoxication with the alkaloid castenospermins). Glycogen Storage Disease cause hypoglycemia (low blood sugar). The diseases cause liver and kidney swelling, dysfunction and breakdown. Subjects have chronic hunger, fatigue and irritability. It is possible to simultaneously have diabetes (high blood sugar). The disease also causes sodium storage which imbalances blood pressure, potassium levels (muscle cramps after age 50) and reduces sweating. The disease causes phosphatidylcholine alteration in the liver which causes Lipomas and hyper lipidemia.
GLCT I	GALACTOSEMIA I		MVB	Includes Galactokinase Deficiency. Galactose is a carbohydrate that is normally changed to glucose in the liver. This inherited disorder of the liver fails to convert galactose (milk is the most common source). Symptoms include cataracts or difficulty seeing as if looking through a water gel. Cirrhosis of the liver with a manufacture of Carbon Dioxide that interferes with Hemoglobin carriage of Oxygen is often witnessed without concluding this cause. See also GLCT II, GLCT BT and LAC INT..
GLCT II	GALACTOSEMIA II		MVB	Galactose is a carbohydrate that is normally changed to glucose in the liver. This inherited disorder of the liver fails to convert galactose (milk is the most common source). The most common symptom is difficulty thinking, especially after ingesting any form of galactose. See also GLCT BT, GLCT I and LAC INT.
GLIADN	GLIADIN GROUP		MVB	A gluten intolerance. One of the two major components of gluten. The remedy includes a mold specific to gliadin.

GLNDR H	GLANDERS HUMAN		B	Glanders is believed to be in animals only and an animal disease of the past. Both ideas are incorrect. In humans this miasmically based disease causes an enzyme deficiency that causes Porphyrin blood diseases. Symptomatically it causes a swollen liver and spleen; weakened production of bile which causes gall stones and liver stones; infection of the liver sinusoids, which leads to a squeezed portal vein and ascites.
GLNDRS	GLANDERS		B	A disease caused by a bacteria (<i>Pseudomonas Mallei</i>) that is usually caught from animals that also have Brucellosis. This is believed to be rare in today's health environment. Experience tells us differently.
GLT ALT	GLUTEN ALTERATION INTOLERANCE		MVB	A new disease in the world created by the change of the gluten structure in genetically altered food. It is similar to Celiac Sprue, the cause of gluten intolerance that was known before genetically altered food. It attracts <i>Candida Paripolosis</i> (included in this formula) and a form of methyl alcohol that causes bloating, weight and decreased liver function. The remedy is designed to increase digestion ability since altered gluten is in most of the food staples of the world.
GLT GRP	GLUTAMINURIA GROUP		MVB	For the insufficient conversion of the amino acid, glutamine. The remedy seeks to reverse "liver spots" (melanuria or Cholasma). Glutamine carries T3 and T4 hormones from the liver to the thyroid. A lack of glutamine causes adrenal glutacorticoid deficiency. Glutamine is a major food for nerves. We think this is an unnamed disease affecting this combination of glands.
GLUTIN	GLUTIN INTOLERANCE		MVB	A protein of wheat that some people may not tolerate, similar to a gluten intolerance. (note the difference of "i" and "e" in the spelling).
GRN DAM	GRAIN DAMAGE CONTROL		MVB	For infections most frequently from alcohol from grain in liver, pancreas, adrenals, kidneys and intestines. The primary part of the infection is from an organ-eating group of fungi that may be a large part of alcohol intolerance.
GRN FAT	GRAIN FAT INTOLERANCE	5-6	MFB	All societies are grain based and have trouble with grain storage. All grain has fat, which turns into oil. Fat degenerates in the grain easily before usage and has developed to this miasm disease. It can be mistaken as a gluten or full grain intolerance.
GRN M&T	GRAIN MOLD AND TOXINS		MFT	A primary group of grain fungi, grain mycotoxins and grain abscesses that affect spleen and liver. Abscesses in both organs cause lymphomas in both (included in this formula) and ascites/abdominal swelling. The mycotoxins are a source of esterification affecting primarily the breasts of both women and men.
GRN SUG	GRAIN SUGAR INTOLERANCE	5-6	MVB	The remedy is composed of 2 glycoside diseases plus 2 infections (<i>Geotrichosis</i> and <i>Nivalenol</i>). Together they spell a very specific sugar intolerance in the blood that mimics diabetes. This remedy is best taken simultaneously with Spleen Enzyme Alteration - Glycoside
HEP A	HEPATITIS-A		B	Hepatitis A in the liver causes mal-digestion and slightly lower energy. Residue can remain for long time. See also SE HALF, SE FULL.
HEP B	HEPATITIS-B		B	Hepatitis B in the liver causes mal-digestion and, (in active cases) yellowing of skin. Residue can remain for long time. See also SE REAL.
HEP C	HEPATITIS C		VB	A retrovirus bound by a fusarium bacteria. Often seen with Aflagot.
HEP C1	HEPATITIS C1		VB	Recently the regular Hepatitis C formula hasn't been enough because of fairly new complications. Check both, especially after vaccinations.
HEP C3	HEPATITIS C3		MVB	A remedy for the protein basis for the development of all "quasispecies" that develop in the third generation of mutation from the basic "HEP C" and the next generation "HEP C1". These mutant variations were first widely measured in 2001 and constitute the latest medical measurement approach. Most people feel fine after taking HEP C or HEP C1, but can't get a clean bill of health by this new measurement. Hep C3 aims to stop the creation of new "quasispecies" and works with SEA HPC to create an enzyme to eliminate the species already developed.
HEP D	HEPATITIS D		B	Seemingly rare form of Hepatitis
HEP E	HEPATITIS E		VB	A newly discovered form of hepatitis that binds retro virus in liver.
HEP F	HEPATITIS F		B	One of many forms of liver swelling from infection.
HEP G	HEPATITIS G		VB	This form combines the retrovirus with Calymmomato Granuloma, giving the person occasional thoughts (perhaps actions) of a nasty behavior.
HEP I	HEPATITIS I		B	Variation of Hepatitis from mutations

HEP J	HEPATITIS J		B	Variation of Hepatitis from mutations. Part of Pulmonary Aveolar Proteinosis.
HEP L	HEPATITIS L		B	Liver and adrenal condition involving common bacteria. Blocks hormones to heart, related to Amyloidosis
HEP O	HEPATITIS O		B	A special condition of the liver that, when combined with CLS DIF or CLS PER, causes a crab, pincer-like movement of the hand. It looks like Parkinson, except the thumb moves independently towards the fingers.
HEP PNM	HEPAPNEUMONIA		B	A form of pneumonia (brought in through the lungs) which gets inside the cells of the liver and reacts to air conditions.
HEP X-1	HEPATITIS X-PART 1		MVB	A lump of wide variety of components common to the liver that makes the liver swell. Tubercifibrocycosarcobasiloma.
HEP X-2	HEPATITIS X-PART 2		VBF	A group of pathogens that gather around HEP X and make the liver swell and dysfunction.
HOOK A	HOOKWORM AMERICANA		P	Necator Americana (actually brought to America from Africa with slave trade) has a "cousin" in Europe, Asia and elsewhere (HOOK I). The vibrations are different.
HOOK I	HOOKWORM INTERNATIONAL		P	Ancylostoma Duadenale, the so-called old world version of hookworm which seems prevalent everywhere, is now seen more often in North America with international travel. It differs from Necator Americana (HOOK A).
HS MLD #1	HOUSE MOLDS #1		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Cladosporum Carrioni and Basidiospores. The molds are mostly construction material and is reported to affect short-term memory.
HS MLD #2	HOUSE MOLDS #2		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Cladosporum Carrioni, Acremonium Fungus, Escherichia/ergot, Sporotrichia Spongiforma. Its chief-known affect is on the destruction of nerves.
HS MLD #3	HOUSE MOLDS #3		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Memnoniella, Acremonium. It is common in air conditioners that form and distribute mold. It is known to cause an apathy to the needs or problems of others which results in a "me-first" attitude.
HS MLD #4	HOUSE MOLDS #4		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Memnoniella, Acremonium, Aflatoxin. Most known to dissolve one's concentration ability.
HS MLD #5	HOUSE MOLDS #5		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Gloob, Malaria, Byssochlamys. Creates a tiredness that makes it difficult to get up in the morning, to start new projects and to sort elements of projects out in the mind.
HS MLD #6	HOUSE MOLDS #6		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Gloob, Malaria, Byssochlamys, Patulin. This can mimic Hepatitis C and eat the liver. Causes increasing tiredness to the core of the being, interrupts digestion, blood processing, bile/cholesterol processing and hormone synthesizing.
HS MLD #7	HOUSE MOLDS #7		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Colletotrichum and Memnoniella. The molds are mostly associated with vegetable spores and houses.
HS MLD#8	HOUSE MOLDS #8		F	House molds include molds that grow on parts of the house structures, air conditioners, heaters, and food. They form many allergies and affect personalities, thinking and attitudes. This combination includes: Penicilliosis, Byssochalamys Mivea, Patulin, Rubratoxin and Diacetoxyscirpenol. This combination may help with some forms of alcohol intolerance. See also ALC CON.
HSTADL	HISTADELIA	5-6	MVB	The body produces too much histamine, which irritates everything. Most of all histamines react to protein, forcing the subject towards a vegetarian diet. For some, the skin becomes sensitive and clothes irritate. The brain is affected so that the subject feels like everything is a fight. In children to teenagers it appears to be part of the acne response to sebaceous glands.
HSTDN	HISTADENIA	5-6	MVB	The body produces too little histamines.

HYPESI	HYPOPEPSIA		MVB	A stomach disease caused by a deficiency of a digestive enzyme, pepsin. Often seen with a streptococcus (causing a peptic ulcer).
IDN DIS	IODINE DISEASE		MVB	The disease turns the normally beneficial iodine into a thyroxin hormone destroyer and sodium destroyer. PT Rubella 2 is included in the formula.
INT CHS	INTESTINAL		MVB	Covers all Lynch diseases. Lynch diseases involve the various intestinal points that convert porphyrin to nutrition.
INT INF	INTERNAL INFLAMMATION		MVB	This is designed as a Master Granulomatosis remedy. There are conditions throughout the body that causes an internal rawness and inflammation that make the body swell and become hyper sensitive to many allergens. Conditions like allergy reactions to substances, prostate swelling irritated lungs, irritated sinuses and irritated intestines would be helped by this. Often taken with T GRAN
INT LCT	INTESTINAL LYMPHANGIECTASIA		MVB	This disease causes a blockage or dilation of lymphatic vessels which, in turn, cause a loss of lymphatic fluid into the intestinal tract (which decreases the immune system). The loss creates a protein-losing enteropathy leading to (1) hypoalbuminemia which causes chylous fluid accumulation within the body cavities, especially chylous ascites if there are other lymphatic or leukemic conditions (2) hypergammaglobulinemia. Symptoms include clinical fat malabsorption and abdominal pain, sometimes with diarrhea. Subjects are often tired from loss of albumin leading to hypoproteinemia. Tetany is often seen as a result of hypercalcemia. Often lymphatic or connective tissue dysplasia may be evident such as lymphangiomas, epitheliomas or other vascular tumors. Some subjects develop yellow nails. For many there is chylous ascities, an accumulation of chyle in the peritoneal cavity. Chylous ascites results from an obstruction of the thoracic duct that may be caused by this disease and/or by a tumor resulting in a rupture of a lymph vessel.
INT T&T	INTESTINAL TUCK AND TWIST		MVB	INT T&T The prolapse of one part of the intestine that telescopes and tucks into the lumen (the tubular cavity) of the immediately adjoining part. It can happen at any part of the large or small intestine or the ileocecal valve. Mostly noted in newborns or runners, this inherited condition of "intussusception" can happen to non-runner adults. With the telescoping breakage the intestines begin to twist (which reduces leakage). The subject has abdominal pains strong enough to sometimes make breathing difficult. The tightness extends from approximately the ribs to groin and extends into the back (usually causing pain). The belly is constantly distended (like ascites) and more so after meals. After eating cold sweats are reported followed by fatigue and evacuation becomes difficult. Massage and colonics help marginally but causes a feeling of gas pockets. This is a relative of Crohn's Disease which accompanies it. Rashes often accompany the issue as toxins try to exit via the skin.
INTFLK	INTESTINAL FLUKES		P	Pesky critter causing maldigestion, diarrhea and indigestion. Goes past intestines. Included in Thymus Strong.
IRN CRY	IRON CARRY		MVB	Liver condition which blocks the making of a protein transferrin used by the blood to carry iron to the normoblasts in the bone. People are often winded, light sleepers, have blood-based tiredness, trouble in high altitudes, pale with very dry skin. See IRN SRP.
IRN LTL	IRON LITTLE		MV	When the body makes too little iron the condition is called Chlorosis, in the scientific world.
IRN SRP	IRON SURPLUS		M	Hemochromatosis is an inherited production of too much iron that is wide-spread = PSRTUB + ERGOT
KER CAN	KERATO ACANTHOMA			A locally destructive tumor closely resembling squamous cell carcinoma clinically and histologically. Most known to be activated by sunlight on outer skin. It is also found internally accompanying either Lynch I, Lynch II or Muir Torre intestinal diseases.
KRN CHR	KERNICTURUS CHRONIC		MVB	The non-encephalopathic or non-neural form displays a hyperbilirubinemia (instead of hypobilirubinemia associated with children). The bilirubin is toxic and (1) can inhibit mitochondrial enzymes (2) interfere with DNA synthesis (3) induce DNA strand breakage (4) inhibit protein synthesis (5) inhibit phosphorylation (6)inhibit the uptake of tyrosine (which causes low thyroid) and (7) interfere with NMDA receptor ion channels. hepatosplenomegaly is common.
KRN CMB	KERNICTURUS COMBINATION		MVB	For people who have both Kericterus Neural and Kernicturus Chronic.

KRN NRL	KERNICTURUS NEURAL	MVB	This form displays a hyperbilirubinemia (instead of hypobilirubinemia associated with chronic Kernicterus). The bilirubin is toxic and (1) can inhibit mitochondrial enzymes (2) interfere with DNA synthesis (3) induce DNA strand breakage (4) inhibit protein synthesis (5) inhibit phosphorylation (6)inhibit the uptake of tyrosine (which causes low thyroid) and (7) interfere with NMDA receptor ion channels. <i>hepatosplenomegaly is common.</i>
KRTCYT	KERATOCYTOMA	MVB	This remedy is often used with Panniculitis Multicystic. Sometimes these appear as squishy skin lumps under the skin and other times they are found as fatty lumps blocking digestive and endocrine glands. The bacteria, Eikenella Corrodens is often needed for the cystic part. Appendectomies and Gall Bladderectomies are often associated.
LAC INT	LACTOSE INTOLERANCE	MB	Reactions to milk, cheese or other milk products.
LAC SEN	LACTOSE SENSITIVE	MB	A mild disagreement with milk products, upsetting digestion. Itching in center of back. See also LAC INT and gall bladder issues
LIG SCL	LIGAMENT SCLERA	MVF	The Gall Bladder can form inherited conditions with current fungi and viruses to strangle assimilation of what it takes to feed a ligament
LIV ACT	LIVER ACTION	MVB	For Glucose 6 Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency, a liver disease. A form of mild to severe anemia in activities that involve all muscles simultaneously, like swimming. Inability to break down glycogen to glucose. See SPRUE for gluten intolerance.
LIV BED	LIVER BLOOD ENZYME DISEASE	MVB	A disease of the liver started by a bone disease (usually multiple myeloma). Leukocytes destroy the liver's ability to make enzymes that will process serum albumin. The result is water-like collection in the abdomen and sometimes in the limbs. The resulting ascites crowds out other body functions and invites lymphoma.
LIV DRL	LIVER DRILLERS	P	Schistosoma Mansoni, one of the most common forms of liver flukes drills holes in the liver and impairs protein digestion
LIV DTX	LIVER DETOX	VB	Complex chemicals including wood alcohol, kojic acid, drugs, etc. collect in the liver. See also CHEMX.
LIV ENZ	LIVER ENZYME REGENERATION	MVB	Reconstructs the liver's ability to create enzymes correctly for digestion and collagen (anti-wrinkle) making.
LIV FIB	LIVER FIBROMATOSIS	MV	Inherited fibrosing of liver causing weakness, contributing to liver spots and neural degeneration
LIV FLK	LIVER FLUKES	P	Covers the most common of 23 different kinds of liver flukes but not all. See Sheep Liver Flukes, etc.
LIV MET	LIVER METABOLITES	MVB	Activates the metabolites (Anabolites and Catabolites) riding on the sodium of the body. Spawns supporting enzymes for the metabolites to work with from the liver. (Other enzymes will often be needed). Take with ADR SOD.
LIV OIL	LIVER OIL CONVERSION	MVB	Helps the liver use the hormone, vitamin D plus make an enzyme for absorption. Also helps the gall bladder to make another enzyme for Vitamin D absorption. The combination feeds the kidneys, prostate/uterus, testicles/ovaries, skin, eyes and thyroid. The enzymes are needed to absorb vitamin D from the sun. Because this combination establishes a major flow of other hormones, if you are over 35 you need to take 1 bottle of HOR FLS to move used hormones out of the lymph system to avoid diarrhea and blockage feelings that arise. This is a very powerful formula performing a task never before seen.
LIV SHR	LIVER SHRINK	MVB	A specialized (yet-to-be discovered by science 6/07) candida of the liver that develops another specialized lymphoma which causes the liver to swell.
LOV LIV	LOVING LIVER	BF	Led by fungus that stops liver from regenerating itself, the bacteria eat at liver in physical way that reduces the ability to love life and express love
MALT L	MALT LYMPHOMA	MV	A form of "extranodal marginal zone lymphoma" originating in Mucous-Associated Lymphoid Tissue, particularly that of the gastrointestinal tract, as well as other organs, including larynx, parotid, salivary glands, thyroid, gall bladder, liver, lungs and under chin. It is characterized by small lymphocytes, marginal zone B cells, monocyte B cells and plasma cells. Tumors are usually indolent, but may spread or become more aggressive. Very commonly found years after chemotherapy and/or radiation treatments for lymphoma when the diagnosis is that the cancer may be resurfacing. It is also found in long-term conditions that have not been adequately rectified. Frequently this looks like just a weight problem. By background this is a 3rd form of inherited, B-cell lymphoma, additional to Hodgkins or Non-hodgkins. RV BONY is loaded into the formula because it is the most common retrovirus found with the condition. It requires the Basic Four as part of the full solution.

MET CPX	METABOLIN COMPLEX		MVB	Metabolin is an anterior pituitary hormone undiscovered by physical science (12/07). It activates nitrogen enzymes which metabolize lipids and adipose cells into energy. Metabolin has similar characteristics to the hormone, insulin, in its ability to break hydrogen bonds of carbohydrates. By its use of nitrogen it attracts more of the most abundant gas on earth which catalyzes all other hormones. Its deficiency causes weight and slow digestion.
MET ESN	METABOLIC ESSENCE		MVB	A gall bladder disease causing a retention of hydrogen atoms in various protein compounds. The splitting off of one of these hydrogen atoms is essential for metabolization, adrenal function, thyroid function and sexual function.
MET KEY	METABOLIC KEY		MVB	Estrogen is used to make fetuses and grow babies. It is derived from Estradiol by the Thymus. The Thymus makes enzhormones from estradiol and estrane that control metabolic functions to grow/rebuild our bodies after birth. When these enzhormones are not functioning we store body fuel (lipids, proteins and sugars) instead of convert the fuel. This remedy aims to restore the Thymus metabolic enzhormone function. Other Thymus disease may impede the function of the metabolic process.
MLARIA	MALARIA		B	A classical liver disease mostly known in tropical countries. Many have subclinical cases of it from visits to tropical areas. See also CEREBRAL MALARIA.
MLK PSN	MILK PASTEURIZATION POISON		T	Pasteurizing milk can easily be justified for protection from brucellosis or Bovine Tuberculosis (or both). Yet the pasteurization also enhances an animal albumin that (1)deteriorates pancreas islet proteins so that insulin production is lower and blood glucose is higher (2) deteriorates lymph ability to carry out dead glucose or dead glycine or dead glycogen. The result is a growing inability to process sugars (looking like classical diabetes) and holding sugar in the form of weight/fat.
MNTR DS	MENETRIER DISEASE		MVB	A stomach disease that causes ridges on the inside wall - called rugae - to enlarge, forming folds in the lining of the stomach. Symptoms include stomach cramps, nausea and discomfort with most any food.
MNY TRC	MONEY ATTRACT		MVB	The remedy is designed to unlock a natural attraction to money and abundance. It is based on an assembly of infections in the liver that deters our money attraction. Whether by earning more, winning it, finding it or the many other ways of receiving money, this remedy aims to make it easier. You're on your own when it comes to using the money you attract.
MTH HRD	METHEMOGLOBINEMIA HEREDITARY		MVB	Any of several "rare" types of Methoglobinemia that may be confined to erythrocytes (and relatively symptom free) Sometimes concentrated in the brain, muscles and fibroblasts which may make the subject mentally retarded in clinical cases or selectively handicapped (as in spelling, writing). Ammonia smells are very repugnant to the subjects. The condition is worse with altitude, sulfites, sulfamides, nitrates/nitrites and aniline dies. Excess methoglobin in the blood can produce cyanosis, headaches, dizziness, fatigue, ataxia, dyspnea, tachycardia, vomiting and drowsiness - which can progress to stupor, coma and occasionally death. It also causes B12 deficiencies.
MUFRTZ	MUFRTZAL COMPLEX		MVB	An animal disease that migrates to humans. It breaks down connective tissue into a form of gelatin and causes a Mad Cow like effect on the motor nerves and brain.
MUR TOR	MUIR TORRE		MVB	A form of inherited, intestinal cancer (usually around the splenic flexure) known to be non-aggressive but often metastasizes to other parts of the body. Sebaceous Adenomas, Keratoacanthomas, Squamous Cell Carcinoma and multiple follicular cysts are often seen accompanying the disease. See also Lynch I and Lynch II.
NCRB GL	N- CARBAMYL GLUTAMATE			Developed to help the reversal of Urea Cycle Disorders of Carbamoyl Phosphate Synthetase and N Acetylglutamate Synthetase.
NORWLK	NORWALK		v	A virus that simultaneously affects intestines and nerves. Symptoms include nausea, flu-like malaise, diarrhea and usually perspiration.
NUT ALG	NUT ALLERGIES		MVB	A blood disease that makes people intolerant of many forms of nuts. Person may be able to eat nuts, but the intestines seem to protest the digestion in the form of trouble eliminations.(BC1)
OLIG C C	OLIGOSACCHARIDE CONVERSION COMPLEX		MVB	Oligosaccharides are expected to subdivide into multiple monosaccharides. In this disease they don't. Instead they become a form of poison that invades all tissues and nerves. The poison intertwines with tumors and, as a cancer, feeds other cancers - like a compound tumor. The nerve poison can make the subject feel and act like a paranoid schizophrenic. Since the condition is not known or testable in science, medicine would call the subject a hypochondriac.

PAN NC	PANCREATIC NECROSIS COMPLEX		MVB	First identified in young trout and salmon as "infectious pancreatic necrosis virus". It has been written to "not affect adult fish or mammals". We find it does infect adult fish and infect mammals (humans), but only because fish cells are used in genetically modified foods. Corn and corn syrup are the most common sources. In humans it causes pancreatic failure, weight, mal-digestion and trouble digesting sugars.
PEN ERG	PENIERGOT		F	This combination of two molds causes explosive, volcanic anger/rage that burns hot and quickly cools down. When it blows the person can hardly help themselves and doesn't understand why the people around them are still shaking when they are over it. Remember that ergot is the chief cause of cirrhosis of the liver and penicillin is the chief cause of house mold allergies. Life will be considerably more peaceful after finishing it, although the 1st couple bottles of the remedy may stir some additional anger first.
PHY INT	PHYTATE INTOLERANCE		MVB	The liver's inability to digest phytate (a phosphorus-containing compound sometimes referred to as phytic acid) most abundant in the outer hull of cereal grains. The intolerance reduces absorption of zinc, copper, iron and other minerals as well as vitamins.
PLAT	PLATINUM		C	Some forms of excessive chemotherapy can leave a platinum toxicity in the liver that is more lethal than the disease that precipitated chemo.
PLT SUL	PLATINUM SULFIDE		C	Some forms of chemo therapy use platinum bound with sulfide that frequently poisons the liver. See also PLAT (a non-bound platinum)
POE 2AD	PORPHYRIN ENZYME # 2 ALTERATION DISEASE COMPLEX		MVB	Porphyria (digesting) enzyme # 2 may be the same enzyme involved in Alpha 1 Antitrypsin Disease. In alteration it causes pancreas failure. Symptoms include lung distress (like Alpha 1 Antitrypsin and Cystic Fibrosis together) plus liver carbohydrate digestion problems (similar to celiac sprue).
POLYPO	POLYPOSIS FAMILIAL ADENOMATOUS COMPLEX		MVB	An inherited propensity to develop polyps in the colon called Familial Adenomatous Polyposis. 80% of subjects develop upper gastrointestinal polyps. The polyps are rarely found in the liver, duodenum and thyroid. Outside the intestinal tract are found osteomas (on skull, jaw or long bones), epidermoid cysts, lipomas or fibromas. Approximately 12% develop a fibrous tumor within the abdominal cavity or on the abdominal wall (called a desmoid). Advanced signs include gastrointestinal bleeding unexplained iron deficiencies, abdominal pain and fatigue. Some gain noticeable weight and some lose noticeable weight.
POR SRP	PORPHYRIN SURPLUS COMPLEX		MVB	Similar to Hemochromatosis (Iron surplus) the liver disease stores porphyrin in tissues and organs, blocking their function. The liver makes a protein enzyme that diverts porphyrin from making heme and bile to an adulterated tissue filler. It especially blocks livers and thyroids (thyroid hormones are made in the liver). The shared disease strongly decreases metabolism, makes hormones unusable, makes fat unusable for energy and blocks nerves. Since porphyrin is the main constituent of plant chlorophyll, the disease becomes a green vegetable allergy. Subjects will either crave or avoid green vegetables and plants. Symptoms are low thyroid, low digestion, low libido and poor memory.
PRLA IN	PROLAMIN INTOLERANCE		MVB	Prolamin is a group of plant storage proteins having a high concentration of proline and glutamine found in the seeds of cereal grains. Gliadin is a prolamin.
PRLA PD	PROLAMIN POISON DISEASE		MVB	A liver disease that turns prolamin to toxins which poison and inflame cells plus stop the sodium/potassium respiration. Prolamins is a group of plant storage proteins having a high content of proline and glutamine (found in the seeds of cereal grains).
PRTZOA	PROTOZOA		P	One of the largest family of parasites known. Its most common symptoms are bloating after eating and inflammation of joints with arthritis. It loves night shades plants and will inflame more when eating them. There will be no such sensitivity after this antidote. The formula includes cuprum and ipecac for greater effectiveness.
PYL STN	PYLORIC STENOSIS	5-6	MVB	The passage between the stomach and small intestine can narrow (stenosis) causing a feeling like a hiatal hernia. Major symptoms are frequent burping, heart burn and digestion discomfort.

PYROL	PYROLURIA	5-6	MVF	This disease is associated with high levels of Hydroxyhempppyrolin-2-one in the urine. (That name is enough to dissuade many from even looking at the disease.)It precipitates a severe deficiency of zinc and vitamin B6 (and often Vitamin B3) which are lost in urine. The list of symptoms include a number of blocks to full potential in thinking, personality, digestion, pessimism, withdrawal and anger (to name a few). The first discoveries were made in the 1950s. There have been changes in names, confusion, and lousy tests for confirmation. Medicine rejected it as a disease while the vitamin/mineral folks have made substantial improvements in life quality with large doses of the lost vitamins and zinc. There remains controversy whether this is caused by infection or genetics. We find it is genetic and present this remedy as an opportunity to be rid of the disease instead of constantly taking supplements.
RDND CL	REDUNDANT COLON	5-6	MVB	An inherited condition of the large intestines that causes "extra loops. In addition to delayed movement of feces, resulting gas and putrid storage, little is known of the consequences.
SCRD IN	SACCHARIDE INTOLERANCE		MVB	Although saccharides are considered a synonym for carbohydrates, we find that plant saccharides are more pure and the intolerance of some of them translated to different food intolerances. For instance, included in this remedy are monosaccharides intolerance which translates into bean intolerance; di saccharides to brussel sprouts intolerance; tri to onions; tetra to cucumbers ; penta to potatoes .
SE	SALMONELLA ENTERITIDIS		B	Reputedly widespread throughout, but rarely shows up alone - usually in combination with something else
SE FULL	SE FULL		BV	Salmonella Enteritidis/Hepatitis A/Hepatitis B/Coxsackie - Needs either ChemX and/or Liv Dtx (liver flukes?) to accompany.
SE HALF	SE HALF		BV	Salmonella Enteritidis/Hepatitis A/Coxsackie - Needs either ChemX and/or Liv Dtx (liver flukes?) to accompany.
SE REAL	SE REAL		BV	Salmonella Enteritidis/Hepatitis B/Coxsackie - Needs Either Chem X and/or Liv Dtx (liver flukes?) to accompany
SEB ACX	SEBACEOUS ADENOMA COMPLEX		MVB	A common intestinal lump that frequently accompanies Intestinal Cheesecloth or Muir Torre diseases.
SEB ADN	SEBACEOUS ADENOMA		MVB	A yellow papule or nodule usually in the head area like the eyelid or genitourinary area and visceral areas. The presence in at least one spot outside the intestines is usually indicative it will also appear in the intestines with either Muir Torre or Lynch I or II.
SEC CPX	SECRETIN COMPLEX		MVB	Secretin is considered a relatively newly discovered small intestines enzyme that helps digestion. We find that it also carries hormones affecting the adrenals, pituitary and libido. When this combination is not working you have a foggy brain, low sexual drive and are probably gaining weight. This combination contains current secretins - SEC ADR, SEC DYS, SEC MYL, SEC PIT, SEC SI and SEC STM.
SF CL PL	SYPHILINUM/ CHLAMYDINUM/		MVB	Liver-based miasmatic trio that prevents the conversion of some incoming amino acid to tissue for the body.
SLF	SHEEP LIVER FLUKES		PV	Often in allergy cases that hang on and in liver weaknesses.
SML I CP	SMALL INTESTINE COMPLETION	5-6	MVB	Digestion is impaired and the 36 feet of small intestine is often subject to swelling.
SML POX	SMALLPOX RESIDUE		R	Small Pox is involved in many chronic conditions including herpes (built into HG formula) and diverticulitis (with CRPSPO & HEL ATR)
SOY INT	SOY INTOLERANCE		MVB	For those allergic to the soy substance, whether or not it is fermented. (Unfermented soy is used in many Western food products and is considered carcinogenic in some circles when it is not fermented).
SPRUE	SPRUE		MVB	A liver condition causing wheat intolerance. Accompany 1st of 3 to 6 bottles with Strep. See also SCR HRP & YEL HRP.
SRB TOX	SORBITOL TOXIN DISEASE	5-6	MVB	Sorbitol is also called Glucitol, a sugar alcohol. Externally, glucitol is found primarily in corn and, in less quantities, apples, pears, peaches and prunes. Internally, the liver makes sorbitol and is designed to gradually metabolize it for an important element of digestion. In this disease the liver creates an altered enzyme which mis-metabolizes sorbitol into a toxin. The toxin breaks down all forms of sugar coming into the body and turns them also into toxins. Since all food contains some form of sugar, the subject as trouble digesting most everything.

SRS CCX	SEROUS CELL COMPLEX	6	MVB	An inherited liver disease that makes a protein which inflames and necroses the serous membrane of the Thoracic cavity and the Peritoneum. It forms a "beer belly" from clavicles to pelvic floor. In the thoracic cavity it impairs lung and heart function so that it is difficult to breath when reclined.
SSS	STAPH/STREP/SHIGELLA		B	Common bacteria trio that bind each other in place. Involved with wide variety of infections like fungus and virus, especially in intestines.
STARCH	STARCH INTOLERANCE		MVB	Any concentrated form of starch can make the body swell, block kidneys, inflame intestines and distort clear thinking.
STM TIK	STOMACH TICK DISEASE - IXODID COMPLEX		MVB	An inherited stomach cancer caused by the toxins of an ixodid tick. The result is very similar to Linitis Plastica (Brinton's Disease) where sacks in the stomach swell (and, from our perspective) cause epithelial cadherin sarcomas. Symptoms include stomach cramps, nausea and discomfort with almost any meal.
STR	STREP		B	Multiple kinds of strep together.
SUG DML	SUGAR DIGESTION MALADY		MVB	Sugar is digested through the small intestines. Although insulin from the pancreas helps to digest blood sugar, the sugar still needs to be digested for use by the organs. Intestines that have difficulty digesting sugar will leave more sugar in the blood stream and make diabetes worse or mimic diabetes.
SUG INT	SUGAR INTOLERANCE		MVB	An intolerance to commercially made sugar such as used in commercially produced food, candy and table sugar.
SUG MSQ	SUGAR MASQUERADE COMPLEX	6	MVB	A red blood cell disease that makes sugar-masquerading protein that lodges in the endothelium (inner wall of the arteries). The protein absorbs insulin like a sugar and contracts arteries like salt. Subjects are diagnosed with diabetes, have shrunken arteries (hard to insert a needle) and often wake around 3AM. Thinking is difficult at times. Gangrene in legs is a danger (especially with Vascular Sugar) because of reduced circulation. Many organs under function because of reduced blood supply.
SWL TBT	SWELLING TUBERCULOSIS TISSUE DISEASE	6	MVB	A bone-based non-neoplastic cancer of mitochondria possible to be found in any gland, lymph or tissue. It does not test as a cancer of the organ or tissue, but instead tests as a mitochondrial disease in the gland or tissue. Included in this remedy is the derived output infection (a new form of the tuberculosis bacteria) of the disease which can test in the organs or tissue. The bacteria stores proteins and/or hormones by swelling and is attracted to undigested urea (nitrogen compounds). Fat sticks to the impaired protein and hormones which stick to the tissue or organ. Several cases have been found of subjects testing for the disease and infections in the genitals with the major symptom of bad breath because of hampered hormones in the digestion process.
TAPWRM	TAPEWORM		P	The parasite that eats over 50% of your nutrition. It usually balls up under the liver in the new moon time and unfurls in the full moon. Subjects commonly lose more weight than they want or are forced to constantly eat to keep up their weight and energy.
TB ENZ	TUBERCULOSIS ENZYMES		B	Enzymes that are weakened or mis-made attract tuberculosis bacteria
THREAD	THREADWORM		P	Parasite behind "swimmers itch" and many sinus irritations. Known also to cause itching around the anus in children (or adults).
TRD INZ	THYROID IONIZER		MVB	The thyroid, via enzymes, photovoltaic conveter cells and iodine elcetrically charge calcium (positive) and carbon (negative). When appropriately charged, these two base substances become the base of the metabolization process. This remedy is for several breakdowns in the ionization (electric polarization) thyroid process.
TST ECT	TASTE ECSTACY		C	A food additive in manufacturing and in non-regenerating, genetically altered food. It is structured like a steroid and causes swelling in the body like a steroid drug. It paralyzes the Amygdala which starts a cascade of hormone problems. It is designed like MSG to make us think a food tastes good, but is more dangerous for emotional locking into the Amygdala and stymied thinking overall. It tests in amazingly high numbers (from 48 to 96 bottles). It seems to go well with IGF Rebuild.
TXOLS	TOXIC OIL SCLERODERMA		MVB	An inherited gall bladder condition that causes contraction of tendons usually by displacing fingers and toes in a contorted manner

UCD ARG	UREA CYCLE DISORDER ARGINASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. These patients develop progressive spasticity. They can also develop tremor, ataxia, and choreoathetosis. <i>Vibrational Arginase is available to help reverse the condition.</i>
UCD ASL	UREA CYCLE DISORDER ARGININOSUCCINASE ACID LYASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. This disorder is marked by chronic hepatic enlargement and elevation of transaminases. <i>Vibrational Arginosuccinic Acid Lysase is available to help reverse the condition. It is often treated with only arginine supplement.</i>
UCD ASS	UREA CYCLE DISORDER ARGININOSUCCINIC ACID SYNTHASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. It is nicknamed Cirullinemia. Some forms block bile and some are most known in Japanese populations. <i>Vibrational Citrulline is used to help the reversal.</i>
UCD CPS	UREA CYCLE DISORDER CARBAMOYL PHOSPHATE SYNTHASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. <i>Vibrational Carbamyl Glutamate is available to help the reversal. This form usually results in childhood death unless intercepted. No known adult symptoms are identified (see childhood symptoms).</i>
UCD NAG	UREA CYCLE DISORDER N- ACETYLGLUTAMATE SYNTHETASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. This later-onset form is associated with intense headaches, partial loss of vision, problems with balance and muscle coordination (ataxia), and lethargy. <i>Vibrational citrulline is available to help reverse the condition.</i>
UCD OTC	UREA CYCLE DISORDER ORNITHINE TRANSCAMYLASE	6	MVB	Urea Cycle Disorders are a group of genetic liver disorders of missing or deficient enzymes required to synthesize nitrogen from digested protein. In the absence of these enzymes nitrogen is not converted to urea, but instead leaves a residue of ammonia in the blood which invades the central nervous system, brain and blood. Digestive disorders, hepatomegaly, respiratory alkalosis, brain damage and central nervous system deficiencies result. The diseases are most noted in childhood and are now being recognized in adulthood. The name of the remedy identifies the missing enzyme. This is the first step of the urea cycle. Hyperactivity and various forms of aggression start in childhood and carry through to adulthood. The condition is most manifest in boys, although evidence is appearing of respiratory alkalosis and poor appetite in women over 60. <i>Vibrational citrulline and vibrational arginine are available to help the reversal.</i>
UPS DS	UBIQUITIN-PROTEASE SYSTEM DISEASE		MVB	The disease marks proteins to be held instead of broken down and processed. The disease holds so many proteins that subjects don't digest protein or convert it to rebuilding amino acids. The held proteins usually become excess weight.

VLND CX	VILLONODULAR COMPLEX		MVB	This is for growths that invade synovial sacks and create swelling.
WEAT DT	WHEAT DIGESTION TOXIN	3-7	T	A toxin found in grains (and beans) that mimics wheat intolerance and mildly paralyzes digestive hormones.
WEAT GI	WHEAT GLOBULIN INTOLERANCE		MVB	A serum protein disease that produces mild petechiae as a mild form of Dermatitis Herpetiformis (most linked to celiac). (Gluten Sensitivity-Wikipedia)
WEAT PI	WHEAT PSEUDOGLOBULIN INTOLERANCE		MVB	A serum protein disease that produces ammonia in the liver.
WHETBR	WHEAT BERRY INTOLERANCE		MVB	An intolerance to the full wheat berry as opposed to a gluten intolerance of phytate intolerance alone.
WHPL	WHIPPLE'S		MB	A miasmatic condition triggered by specific bacteria that the miasm combination attracts. The disease affects heart, lung, brain, serous cavities, joints, eyes, gall bladder and especially the walls of the small intestines. This is classified by medicine as a severe mal-absorption disease causing weight loss. We find that when there is a granulomatosis condition, the two together cause weight gain. Other issues may also cause weight gain. Sometimes a long-tem case causes vein swelling, especially in the portal vein of the liver which makes the liver swell.